

SARCOIDOSIS

Besnier, Boeck, Schaumann disease

Multisystemic , idiopathic disease , characterized by non-caseating granulomas , spread in different tissues and organs

Diagnosis by exclusion (tuberculosis, fungal infections, berylliosis etc.)

PATHOGENESIS

- Cell mediated immune response to unknown antigens
 - Altered immune response to non-identified agents
 - Anergy (immune unresponsiveness) to common cutaneous tests
 - At peripheric sites : ↓ of T lymphocytes with reduction of CD4/CD8 ratio
 - In patients with Sarcoid lungs lesions: ↑ of T lymphocytes and increased (↑) CD4/CD8 ratio in bronchoalveolar lavage fluid.
 - In serum : ↑ of Polyclonal IG (no ↑ of B lymphocytes)
-

SARCOIDOSIS

Besnier, Boeck, Schaumann disease

Involved sites

- Lymph nodes (neck, hylum of lungs)
 - Lungs
 - Joints (lower limbs arthritis)
 - Skin (face, sup. trunk = erythema nodosum)
 - Salivary and lacrimal glands
 - Eyes (iridocyclitis, choroiditis, retinitis)
 - Oral mucosa
 - Spleen, liver etc.
 - Bones (multiple, cystoid osteitis)
-
- Løfgren syndrome**
- Mikulicz syndrome**
- Heerfordt syndrome**
- Jungling syndrome**

SARCOIDOSIS

Besnier, Boeck, Schaumann disease

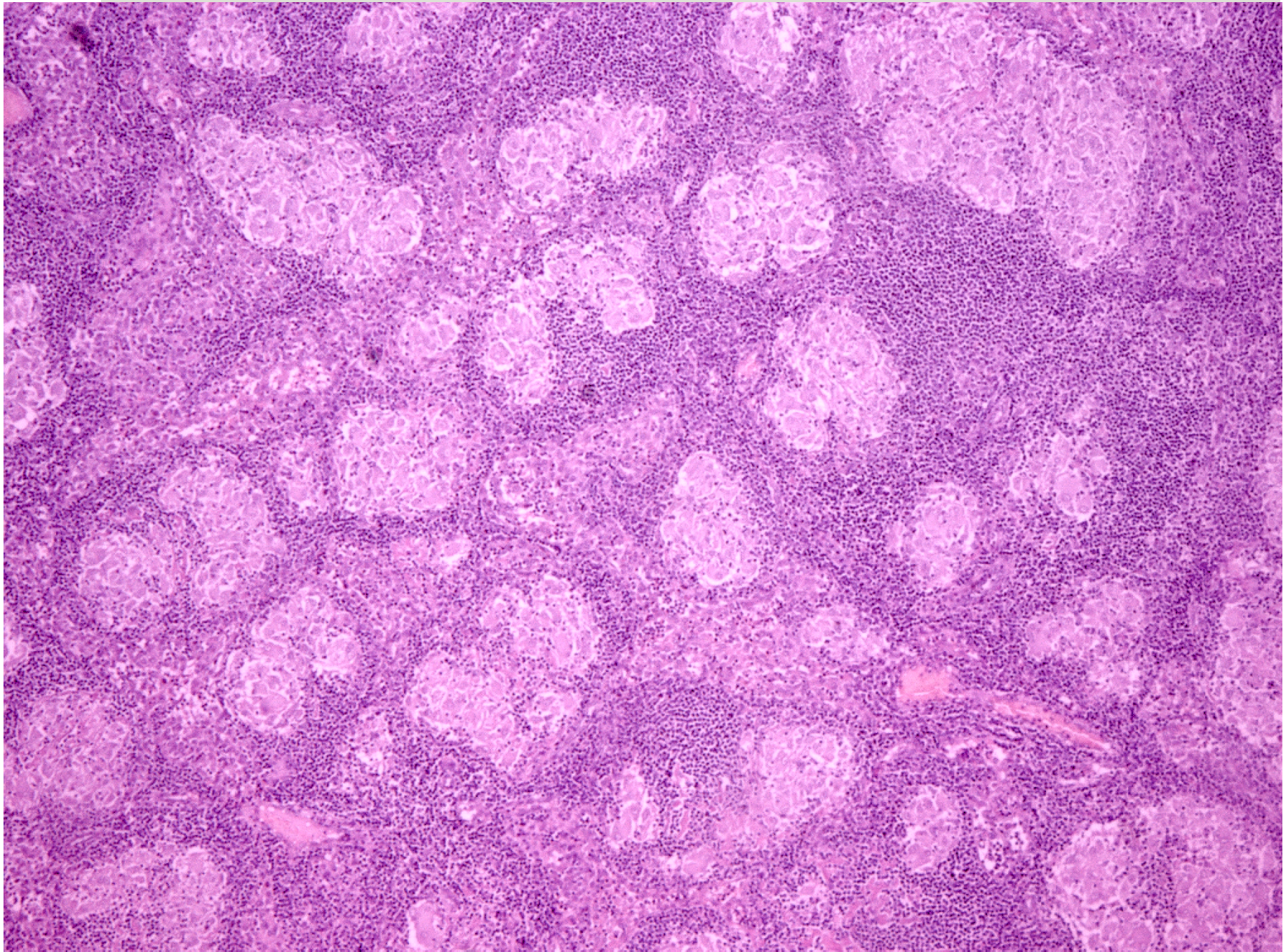
MACROSCOPIC FEATURES:

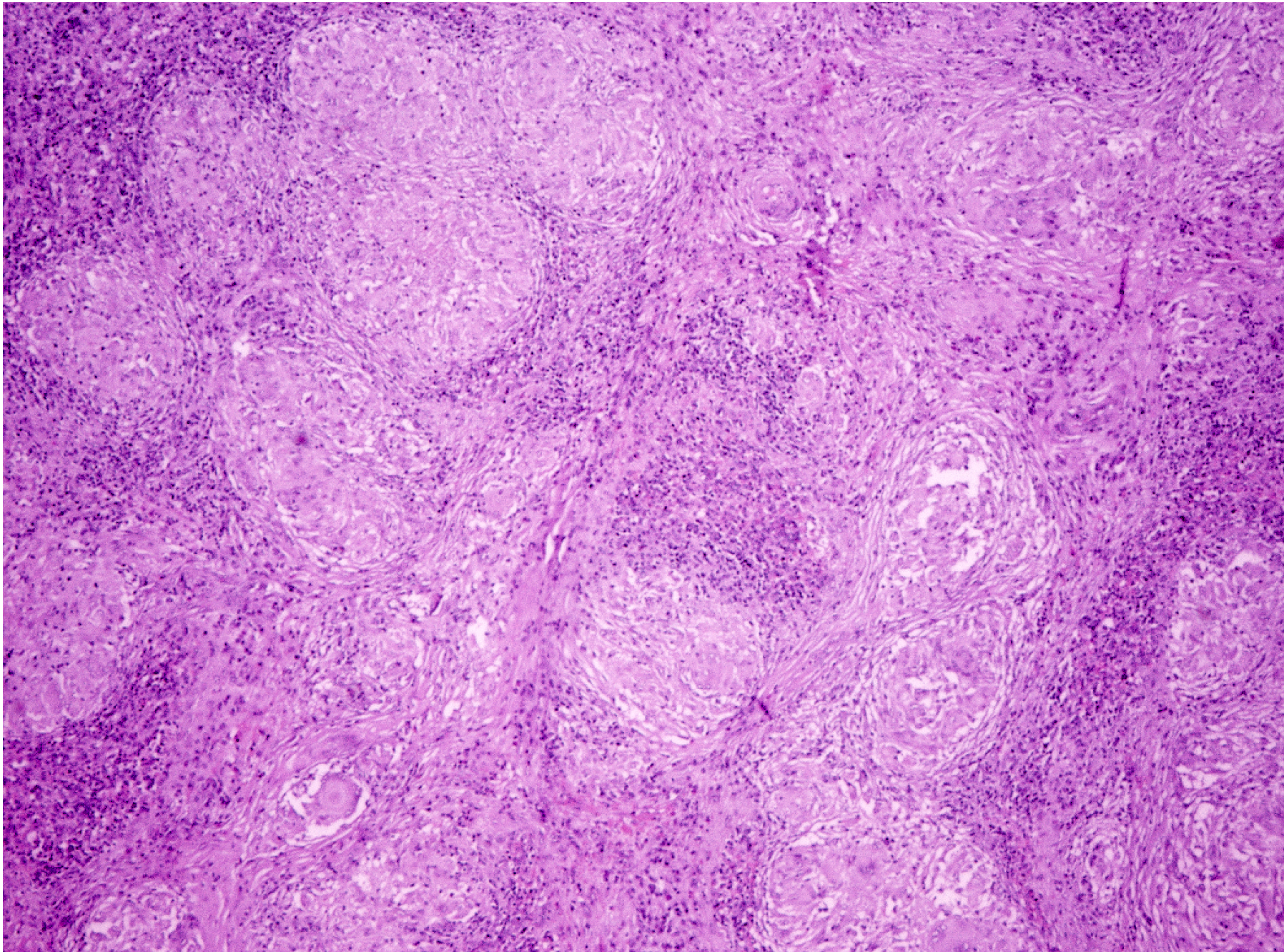
Deep sites: nodular lesions, sharply demarcated, non-confluent with well defined borders

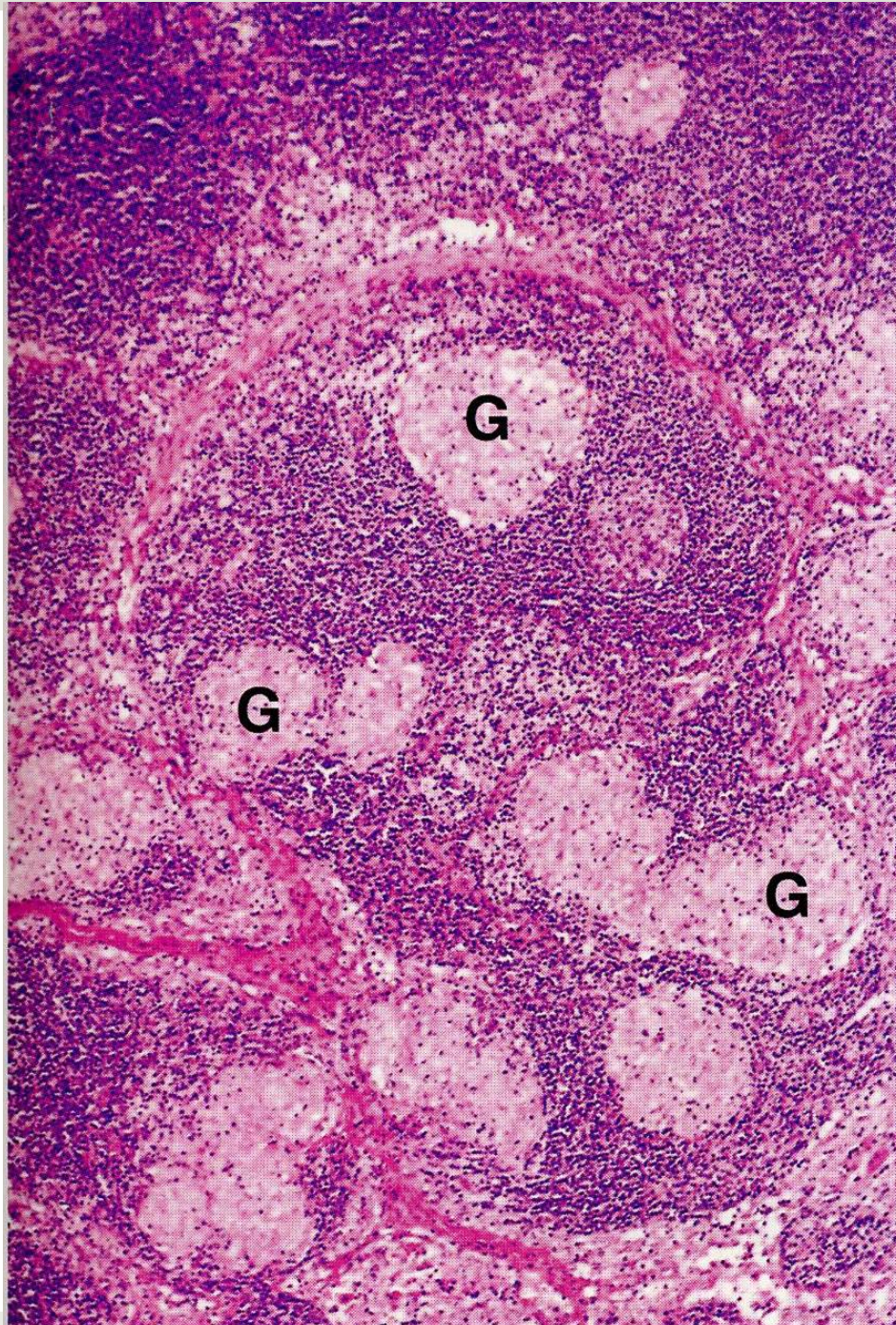
Skin and mucosal sites : subcutaneous/mucosal nodules or purplish hard plaques

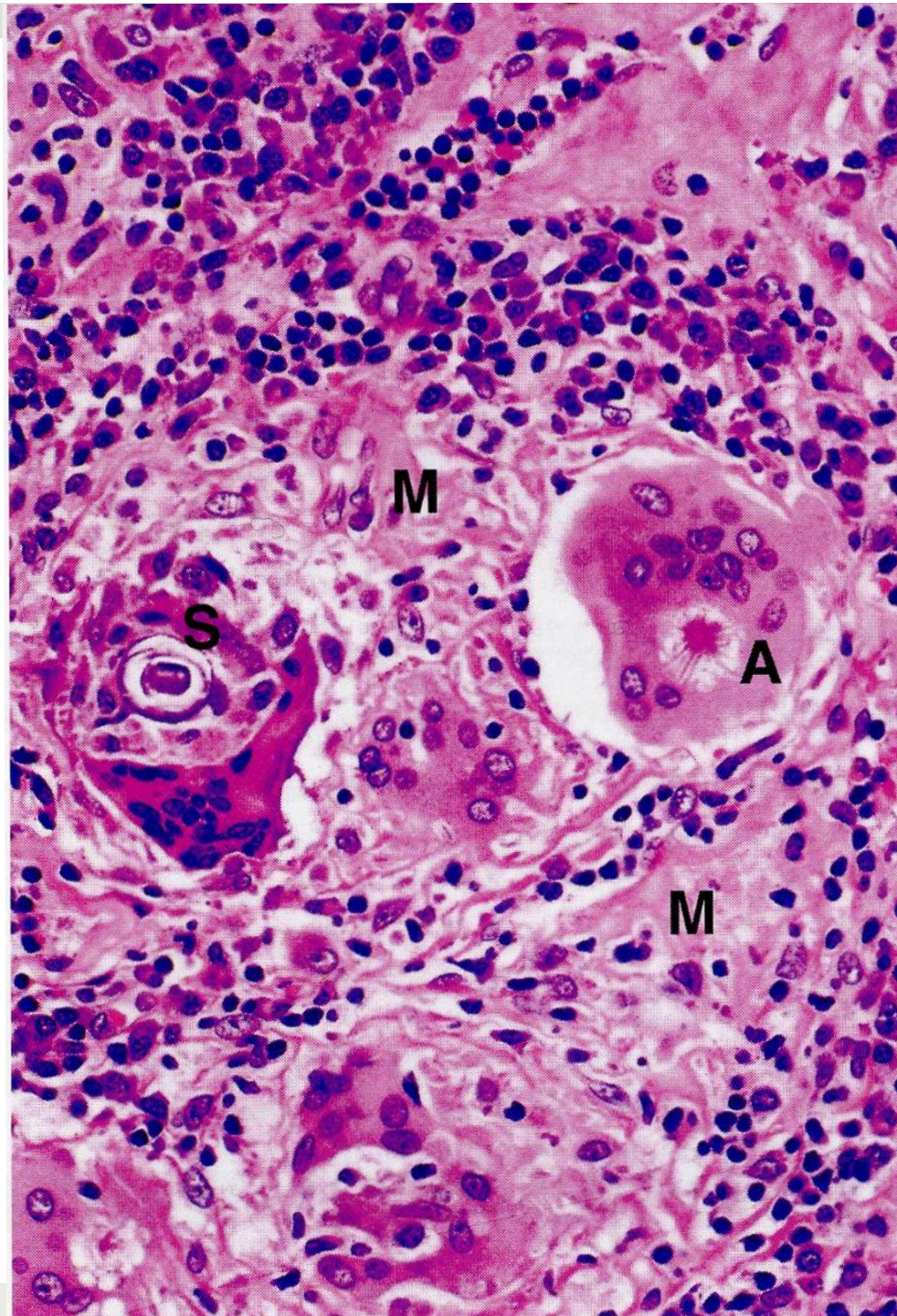
MORPHOLOGY OF SARCOID GRANULOMA

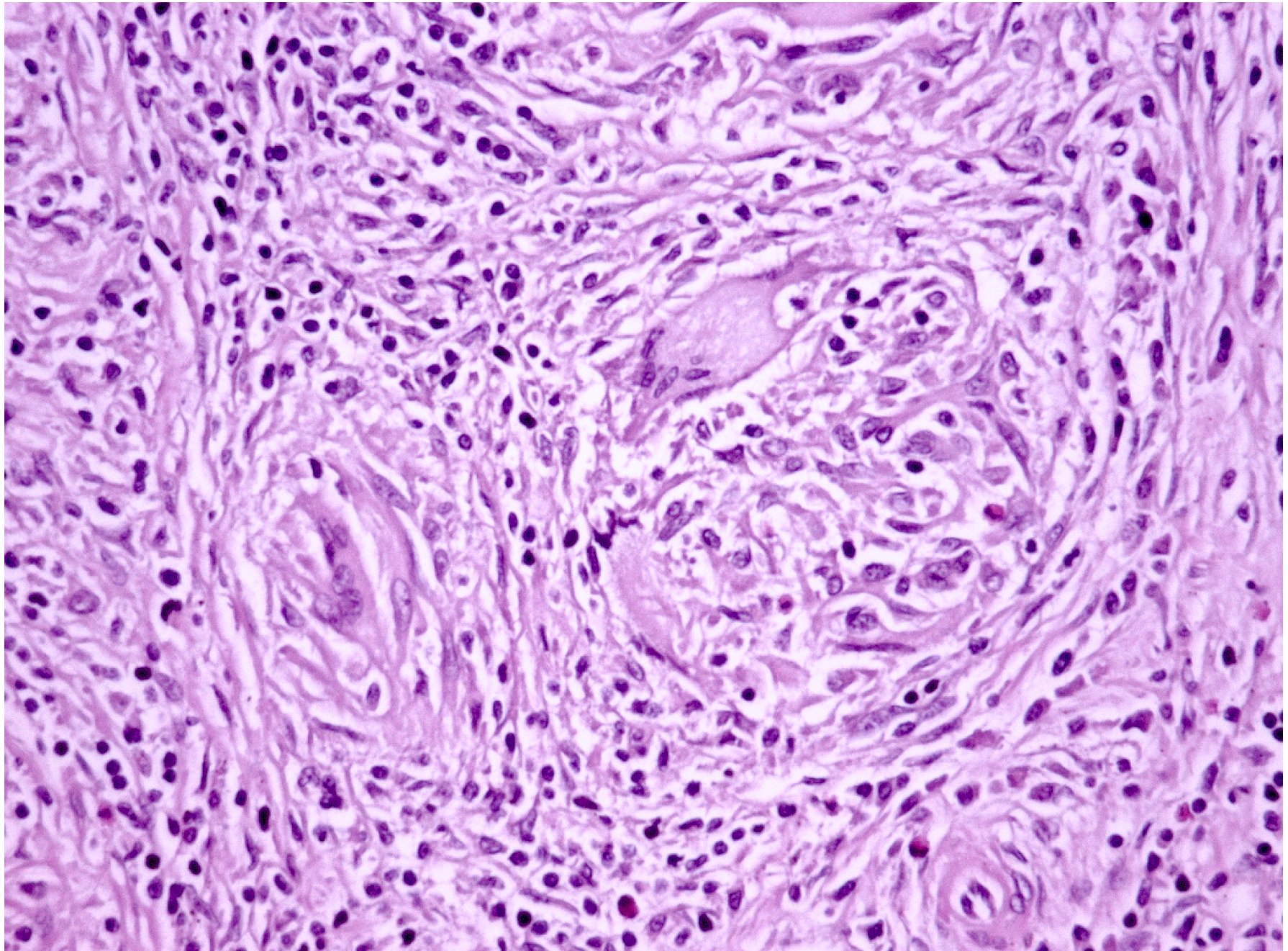
- Nodules of tightly packed epithelioid cells
- Multinucleated giant cells, similar to Langhans' cells or foreign-body type giant cells
- In the periphery, T-helper CD4+ lymphocytes
- Lack of central necrosis, sometimes central area of hyaline sclerosis
- Possible evolution into Scleroderma (hardened or scarred tissue)
- Inclusion bodies (Schaumann bodies): concentrically laminated inclusions made of calcium and proteins
- Asteroid bodies

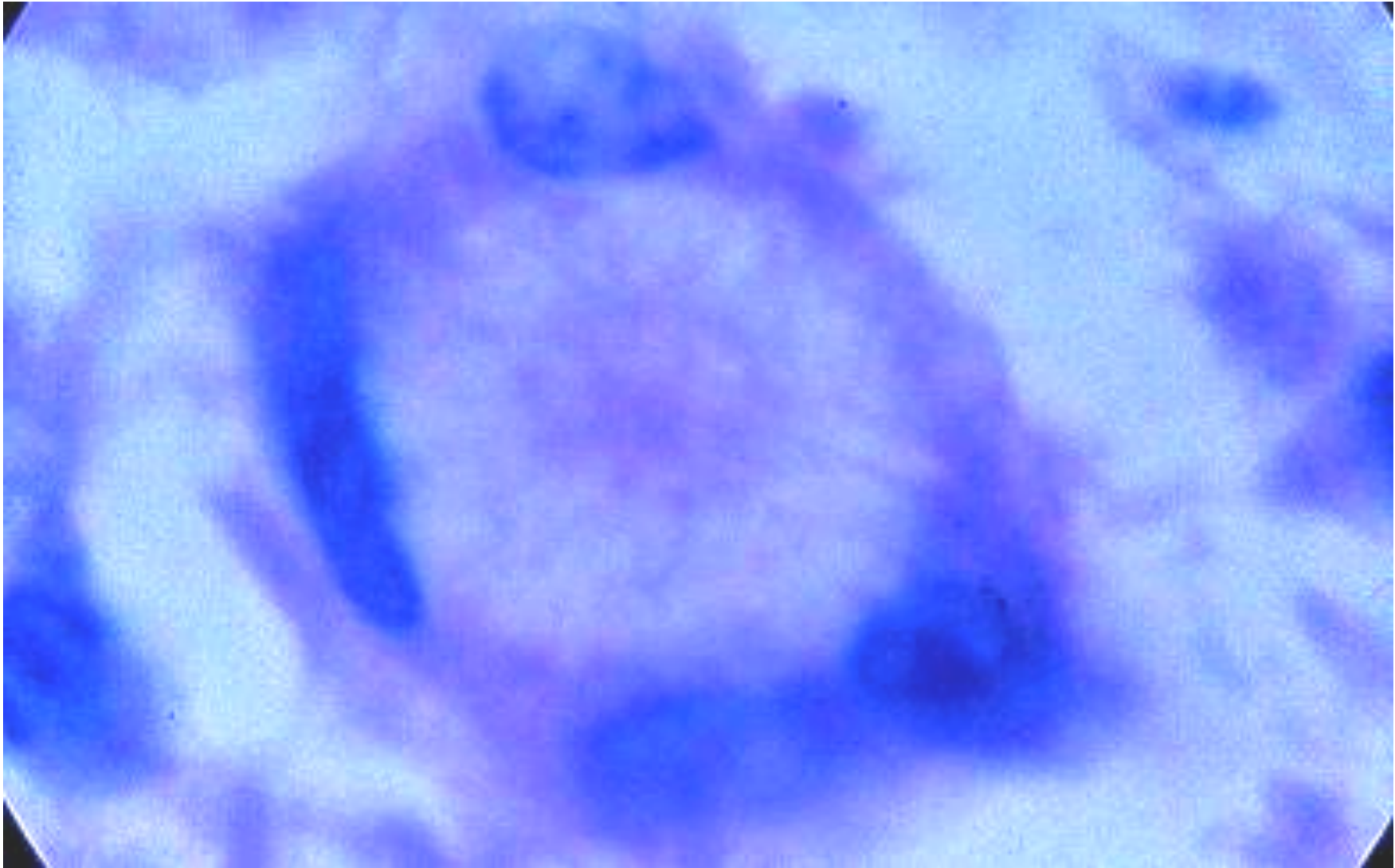












EVOLUTION AND COMPLICATIONS

- 65% = Healing with few sequelae
 - 20% = Chronic respiratory insufficiency, visus decrease
 - 10% = progressive course (pulmonary fibrosis,
 - Pulmonary Heart disease)
-